

# PRODUCT INSTRUCTION

-----PVIS24(W) Vacuum circuit breaker



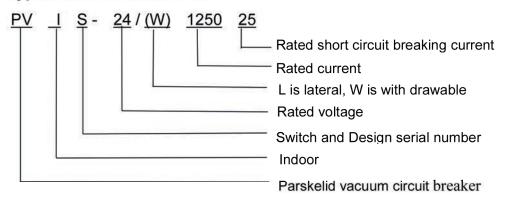


### Summary

PVIS24(W) indoor vacuum circuit breaker (hereinafter referred to as circuit breaker) is an indoor switchgear used in 24kV power systems, as a protection and control unit for power grid equipment and industrial and mining enterprise power design. Due to the special advantages of vacuum circuit breakers, it is especially suitable for frequent operations requiring rated working current, or places where short circuit current is repeatedly interrupted.

The circuit breaker adopts the integrated design of the spring operating mechanism and the circuit breaker body. It can be used as a fixed installation unit, and can be equipped with a special selection mechanism to form a handcart unit.

## Type select for indoor VCb



### **Product standard**

The circuit breaker complies with GB 1984-2008 "High Voltage Circuit Breaker", JB3855-1996 "3.6~40.5kV Indoor High Voltage Vacuum Circuit Breaker", DL/T403-2000 "12~40.5kV Vacuum Circuit Breaker Ordering Specifications" Standard requirements, and meet the relevant requirements of IEC62271-100: 2008.



#### Use environment

Ambient temperature

Maximum temperature: +40°C

The lowest temperature -15°C

environment humidity

Daily average relative humidity: ≤95%

Monthly average relative humidity: ≤90%

Daily average vapor pressure: ≤2 2 × 10-3MP a

Monthly average vapor pressure: ≤1.8 × 10-3MPa

Altitude, not more than 1000m:

The earthquake intensity does not exceed 8 degrees;

The surrounding air is not significantly polluted by dust, smoke, corrosive and flammable gases, steam or salt spray.

Note: If it exceeds the requirements of the above normal use environmental conditions, it is necessary to negotiate with the manufacturer.

#### Structure and function

#### The overall structure of the circuit breaker

The PVIS24(W) vacuum circuit breaker adopts the overall structure of the operating mechanism and the arc extinguishing chamber arranged in the front and rear, and the main conductive circuit part is a three-phase floor-standing structure. The vacuum interrupter is installed longitudinally in a tubular insulating cylinder, which is made of epoxy resin by APG process. Therefore, it is particularly resistant to creepage. This structural design greatly reduces the accumulation of dust on the surface of the interrupter which not only prevents the vacuum interrupter from being affected by external factors, but also ensures that the voltage effect can be high even in humid and severely polluted environments. Resistance state.

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#### The structure of the operating mechanism

The operating mechanism is a plane-arranged spring operating mechanism with manual energy storage and electric energy storage. The operating motor is placed in the cabinet in front of the arc extinguishing chamber, and the cabinet is divided into five assembly spaces by four intermediate partitions, which are installed in between. There are the energy storage part, the transmission part, the trip part and the buffer part of the operating mechanism. The PVIS24(W) vacuum circuit breaker arranges the arc extinguishing chamber and the operating mechanism into a unified whole. This structural design can make the operating performance of the operating mechanism more consistent with the performance required for the opening and closing of the arc extinguishing chamber, reducing unnecessary The intermediate link reduces energy consumption and noise, and makes the operating performance of the circuit breaker more reliable.

## Main specifications and technical parameters (see the table below)

The main specifications and technical parameters are shown in Table 1 (this table is the parameters of the domestic disaster arc chamber)

Table 1

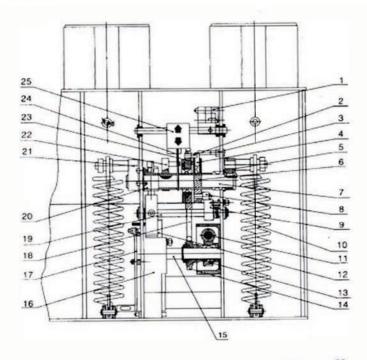
No		Items	Unit		Data	
1	Rated voltage	e	kV		12/24/36	
2	Max working	voltage	kV		12/24/36	
3	Rated current	t	Α	630/1000/1 250	1250/1600/ 2000/2500	1250/1600/2 000/3150
4	Rated short-circuit opening current		kA	20/25	31.5	40
5	Rated short-o	ircuit closing current	kA	50/63	80	100
6	Rated peak withstand current		kA	50/63	80	100
7	4s rated short-time withstand current		kA	20	31.5	40
8	Rated Power frequency insulating withstand voltage		kV	28/50/70		

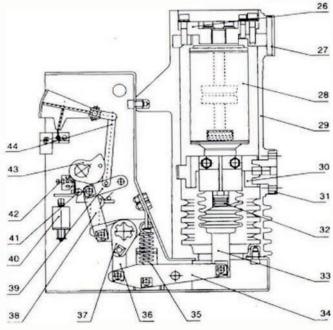


	Level	(before and after			
		rated breaking) Impulse withstand voltage (before and after rated breaking)	kV	75/125/170	
9	Rated operating sequence			O-0.3S-C&O-180s-C&O	
10	Mechanical life endurance		time	10000	
11	Rated short-circuit opening current frequency		time	50	
12	Rated closing voltage of operating mechanism (DC)		v	12-24-48-110-220	
13	Rated opening voltage of operating mechanism (DC)		V	12-24-48-110-220	
14	Open contact clearance		mm	11±1	
15	Super stroke (compressed length of contact springs)		mm	3.5±0.5	
16	Time differential among phases for opening and closing		ms	<b>≤2</b>	
17	Bounce time of closing contacts		ms	≤2	
18	Average opening speed		ms	1.5+/-0.2	
19	Average closing speed		ms	0.8+/-0.2	
20	Opening time		ms	≤50	
21	Closing tim	ie	ms	≤100	
22	Main loop in phase	resistance of each	μΩ	≤50(630A)≤45(1250A)≤ 35(1600-2000A)≤25(2500A)	
23	POTENTIAL DESCRIPTION DE L'AUTONNE	cumulative wearing of static&Moving	mm	3	

contact





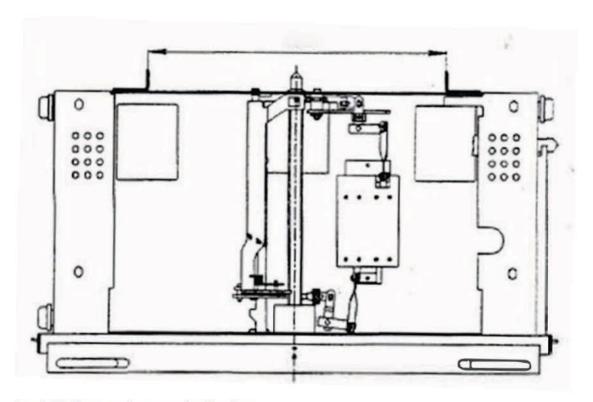


- 32. Contact pressure spring
- 33. Insulation pull
- 34. Drive crank
- 35. Opening spring
- 36. Transmission link
- 37. Spindle drive arm
- 38. Close to keep the Zhizi
- 39. Continuous pull
- 40. Opening coil
- 41. Semi-Uranium

- Micro switch for switching between energy storage in place
- 2. Pin
- 3. Limit cup
- 4. Slider
- 5. Crutch
- 6. Energy storage drive wheel
- 7. Energy storage oil
- 8. Roller
- Energy storage keeps the best child
- 10. Closing solenoid
- 11. Manual energy storage worm
- 12. Closing solenoid
- Manual energy storage drive worm
  - 14. Motor drive sprocket
  - 15. Motor output shaft
  - 16. Energy storage motor
- 17. Interlocking transmission bending plate
- 18. Drive chain
- Energy storage to maintain the shaft
- 20. Locking solenoid
- 21. Turn Back
- 22. Cam
- 23 Energy storage drive sprocket
- 24 consecutive rice
- 25. Energy storage display card
- 26. Upper bracket
- 27. Upper outlet seat
- 28. Vacuum interrupter
- 29. Insulating cylinder
- 30. Lower bracket
- 31. Lower outlet seat
- 42. Manual opening of the top penthouse
- 43. Cam
- 44. Opening and closing signs



## Handcart type PVIS24(W) grounding device assembly size



## Installation and commissioning

When removing the PVIS24(W) circuit breaker packing box, operate according to the requirements shown on the packing box. Lift the elbow of the circuit breaker from the packing box. The lower outlet arm is stressed, and at the same time, the circuit breaker should not be subjected to great shock and vibration.

Note: Before entering the cabinet, please remove the lifting device as required.

The PVIS24(W) circuit breaker has undergone strict factory inspection before leaving the factory, and the parameters meet the technical requirements. The following preparations must be made before the primary circuit is energized.



- 1) Check whether the circuit breaker is damaged. If it is damaged, stop using it.
- Eliminate dirt, especially on the insulating surface. The dirt caused by the transportation or storage process will affect the insulation performance of the product.
- 3) Manually operate the circuit breaker to store, close and open the circuit breaker in accordance with the regulations, and observe whether the energy storage status and the opening and closing position indications are normal.
- 4) Use the operating power supply to operate the circuit breaker for energy storage, closing and opening, and observe whether

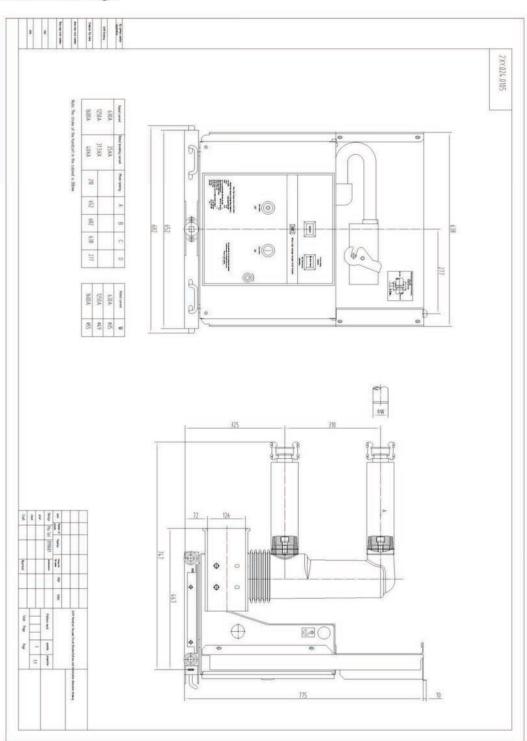
the energy storage status and the opening and closing position indications are normal.

5) The handcart type circuit breaker is operated according to the following steps Insert the push handle into the push hole, and shake it clockwise to advance and counterclockwise to exit. The total stroke of advance is 300-3mm. In the open state, you should enter the working position or the test position smoothly. Please turn the handle 30 times at a medium speed. When you hear a "click", it is in place (do not damage the propulsion mechanism by excessive force), and at the same time the corresponding position Indicate (S8, S9) the circuit is connected.

Note: When the closing and locking device is selected, the locking circuit should be connected to the power supply to unlock it before the closing operation.



# **Product drawings**





## **Product wiring schematic**

